

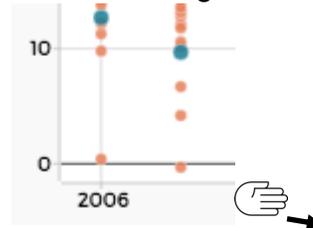
### Data Tool- Change the scale of the axes

Change your x or y axis to zoom way in on the data in your graph.

### Data Tool- Change the scale of the axes

#### Hint:

Hover the cursor over the axis until the hand is pointing in the direction you want to drag the numbers. Click and drag.



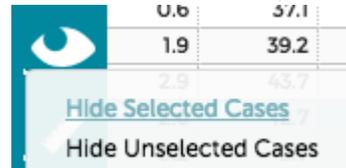
### Data Tool- Hide Data

Hide some of the data on your graph or map.

### Data Tool- Hide Data

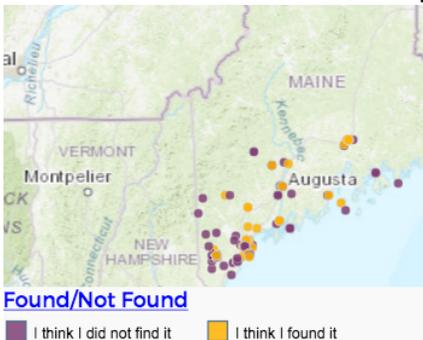
#### Hint:

- Highlight a few data points either on the table, map or graph.
- Click on the eye on the sidebar of the map or graph.
- Select “hide selected” and watch them disappear. Try hiding “unselected” cases, too!



### Data Tool- Add a Layer

Add a layer to your graph or map to color code the data. Example:



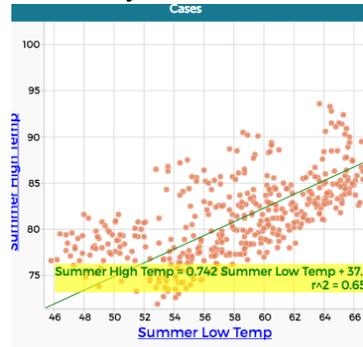
### Data Tool- Add a Layer

#### Hint:

Drag the attribute that you want to be your layer to the middle of your map or graph.

### Data Tool- Trend Line

Add a line that helps you see the trend in your data.



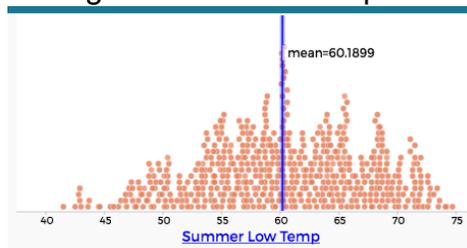
### Data Tool- Trend Line

Hint:

- Go to the ruler at the side of the graph and look for the “Least squared line”
- The steeper the line, the stronger the relationship between the two attributes.

### Data Tool- Find the Mean

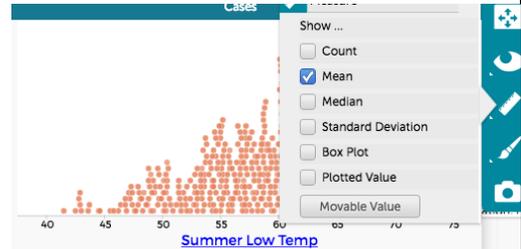
Find the average value for one attribute. For example, find the average summer low temperature:



### Data Tool- Find the Mean

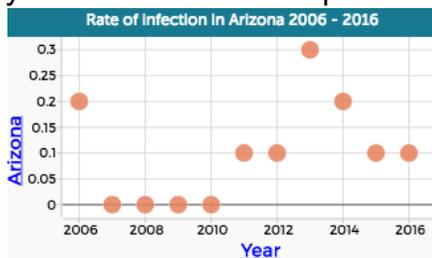
Hint:

- Make a graph with the attribute you are interested in on the x axis and nothing in the y axis.
- Select “Mean” from the options listed under the ruler.



### Data Tool- Add a Title

Add a title to a map or graph that you have made. Example:



### Data Tool- Add a Title

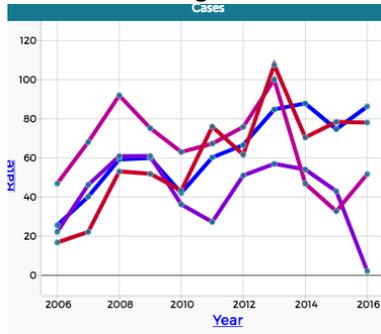
Hint:

Click on the blue-green bar at the top of the map or graph.

Write a title that helps explain what the graph or map is showing.

### Data Tool- Connecting Line

Add “connecting” lines to a graph to show change over time.



### Data Tool- Connecting Line

#### Hint:

- A graph that shows change over time should have “Year” on the x axis
- Once you have made your graph, find “connecting lines” under the ruler icon.

#### Answer a Question:

Which towns do most of the data come from? Where are they located?

#### Answer a question:

#### Hint:

Try using a map *and* a graph to answer this question

#### Answer a question:

When was most of the data collected?  
Which schools have been collecting data over the greatest amount of time?

#### Answer a question:

#### Hint:

Expand the graph to see more detail.

#### Answer a question:

How does the amount of “Found” data compare to “Not Found”?

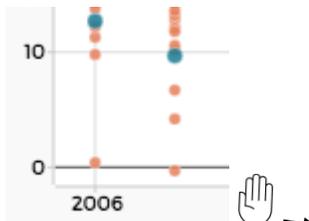
How does it compare in different parts of the state?

#### Answer a question:

#### Hint:

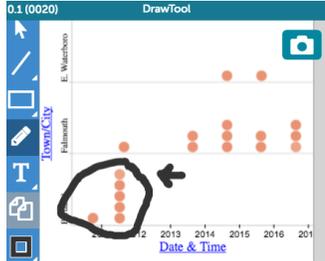
Try using a map *and* a graph to answer this question

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Bonus question:</b></p> <p>Is purple loosestrife most often found in dry or moist soil?</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p> <p>Divide "FOUND" and "NOT FOUND" Data Add percentages to your graph to help with comparing categories.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Bonus question:</b></p> <p>Is purple loosestrife most often found under open or covered canopy?</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p> <p>Divide "FOUND" and "NOT FOUND" Data Add percentages to your graph to help with comparing categories.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Bonus question:</b></p> <p>What can you say about biodiversity in wet versus dry soil?</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p> <p>Add a mean and median to help with your comparison.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Bonus question:</b></p> <p>Write your own question and hint.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer a Question</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p>

<p><b>Data Tool - Change the Size</b></p> <p>Make your map or graph really big on the screen, so you can see lots of detail. Make it small to leave room for other data visualizations.</p>	<p><b>Data Tool - Change the Size</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p> <p>Hold the cursor the bottom left corner of the graph or map. When you see the diagonal arrow, click down and drag.</p>
<p><b>Data Tool - Move it</b></p> <p>Move your graph or map off to the side of your screen, so you will have room to make a new one.</p>	<p><b>Data Tool - Move it</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p> <p>Click on the blue green bar at the top of the graph or map and then drag.</p>
<p><b>Data Tool - Move the Axes</b></p> <p>Move either the x or y axis without changing the scale.</p>	<p><b>Data Tool - Move the Axes</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p> <p>Hover the cursor over the axis until the hand is pointing toward the middle of the graph. Click and drag from side to side.</p> 
<p><b>Data Tool - Remove an attribute</b></p> <p>Remove an attribute from either the x or y axis.</p>	<p><b>Data Tool - Remove an attribute</b></p> <p><b>Hint:</b></p> <p>Click on the name of the attribute in the graph. Scroll down to the bottom of the list, and select “Remove Y” or “Remove X”</p>

### Data Tool - Annotate a graph

Take a snapshot of your graph and then circle, star, or underline interesting data points.



### Data Tool - Annotate a graph

#### Hint:

Go to the camera icon and select "open in draw tool." Click on the pencil icon in the draw tool and then annotate away!

### Data Tool- Minimize a graph or map

Minimize your map or graph in order to get it out of the way and allow you to go back to it later.

### Data Tool- Minimize a graph or map

#### Hint:

Find the minus sign ("--") at the top right corner of the map or graph.